

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

FOREIGN NEWS BY THE CABLE.

Miscellaneous and Washington News.

ELECTION NEWS.

LARGE REPUBLICAN GAINS IN MAINE.

California "Pans Out" Better and Better.
AUGUSTA, Sept. 12.—The indications, derived from a careful footing of the returns received to noon, to-day, are that Perham's majority will be nearly eleven thousand. The exact official majority for Perham last year was 8,238.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 12.—Booth's majority is 5,400. Houghton is elected in the First District, by 2,574 majority. Conglin and Sergeant, in the Second and Third Districts, are elected by large majorities. In the Senate, with the Lieut. Governor's casting vote, the Republicans have one majority. The House stands 51 Republicans to 22 Democrats.

PORTLAND, Me., Sept. 12.—Returns up to midnight indicate that the Republican majority is eleven thousand. The Legislature will show a slight Democratic gain. In ship-building towns the Republicans have generally lost.

HOME NEWS.

THE TAMMANY CORRUPTIONISTS.

Mayor Hall Demands the Immediate Resignation of Connolly.

NEW YORK, Sept. 12.—Mayor Hall has requested Comptroller Connolly to resign on account of suspicions attaching to him from the disappearing of vouchers.

The Mayor has no power to remove him except by tedious process of impeachment and desires to replace him at once by a person possessing confidence of the people.

The young man who accidentally shot his mother while defending himself from a brutal uncle has been honorably acquitted. The mother has recovered.

The abolitionist Rosensweig was soundly thrashed by a fellow-prisoner in the tombs yesterday.

The World commenting on abstraction vouchers from the Comptroller's office says every honest man in the city will endorse and applaud the firmness and vigor of Mayor Hall in demanding the immediate resignation of Comptroller Connolly after the untoward incident, which just occurred in his department. It is too well known that Mayor Hall has no power to remove heads of departments. If he possessed that power the request now made would, of course, be followed up in event of a non-compliance by a step equally as prompt and still more decisive. The case is too urgent for the slow and dilatory process of impeachment. Since this unfortunate occurrence the Comptroller has lost all capacity to be useful in the present office, and not only public interest, but self-respect of his associates in the city government demand his retirement.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 12.—A mechanic returning from work, in attempting to shield a woman from roughs, was killed.

CHICAGO, Sept. 12.—There is a diamond excitement at Yankton, Dakota. It is said a diamond, worth \$100,000, was found on the bank of Jim River.

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 12.—There was a collision between the Federal forces and alleged KKKs in Russell county, Kentucky, in which a soldier was killed and a Sergeant wounded. The soldiers captured two.

NEW YORK, Sept. 12.—The leaders of the Young Democracy held a meeting with a view to a new reorganization.

Two wings of the Republican party are coquetting.

The World says regarding Comptroller Connolly: "If he is so mad and so blind as to disregard the firm demand of the Mayor, he will find before night that the scorching and resistless public indignation will make it too hot for him. It may be his misfortune and not his fault that this alleged robbing of his department occurred just at this juncture, but it has so suspicious and damaging a look, that if he is an upright and innocent man, with reasonable sense and honor, he will be too glad to afford the Mayor an opportunity to appoint a successor."

CHARLESTON, August 12.—The accounts coming in from all sections of the State represent the continuous rains of the past week as very disastrous to the growing crops on the Sea Islands. The expected yield has been cut off by unfavorable weather at least one-half, and from the interior reports of rust and the plant shedding the fruit are universal.

The Board of Health report no deaths in the last twenty-four hours.

SALT LAKE, September 12.—Bann, a Mormon, who had been indicted for murder, was fatally shot while attempting to escape arrest.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 12.—The Great Council of the Improved Order of Red Men has assembled here.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 12.—The Republican State Convention has organized. Resolutions were adopted endorsing Grant and Creswell.

NEW YORK, Sept. 12.—Comptroller Connolly in a long letter to Mayor Hall, declines to resign.

Rothfelder, the inventor of the stem-winding watch, suicided.

It is said Woods is going to Europe this fall to race with the English carmen.

There is still no clue to the stolen vouchers. Connolly, in a letter to the Mayor, says the abstraction of the vouchers does not vitiate his accounts.

WASHINGTON.

Comptroller Connolly Transferring His Stolen Bonds.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—The Ku Klux Committee reassemble tomorrow. It has transpired that it proposes to send the sub-committee to Mississippi and Tennessee.

Comptroller Connolly, of New York, on the 10th of August, transferred half a million of registered bonds to his son-in-law.

The President has left Long Branch for a Western trip.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 12.—The Portuguese Ministry have resigned.

The foot and mouth disease is increasing alarmingly in Leicestershire, England.

THE Press and Herald, of yesterday contains an attack, by implication, if not directly, upon a large and respectable denomination of the Christian Church, speaking of them as a "new order of priesthood," and charging that they took charge of churches by a sort of "political-religious right." The idea of that mendacious sheet giving advice to or criticising the acts of any Christian denomination is simply preposterous, and will be so regarded by all who are acquainted with its character and the character of its editors and proprietors. If we were disposed to join in a controversy on the subject, we could show two sides to the question that that sheet presents in a one-sided way, but we do not intend to discuss the subject, believing that the columns of a political paper are not the place for such discussions.

J. C. STANTON'S RECEPTION AT CHAT. TANOOGA.

He Does not Propose to Run Away.
EDITORS CHRONICLE:—The editor of the daily Times of this city appears in an article on the 10th inst., purporting to be an obituary notice of one J. C. Stanton, deceased.

It is not surprising to those who know Kirby, that he should be under the delusion of superstitious illusions. During the past six weeks or two months, nearly every day, he has predicted that said J. C. Stanton would never return to this section of the country; he has stated that he was a grand rascal who had come here with the premeditated purpose of defrauding all classes of persons with whom he had business relations; that he had already accumulated an immense fortune in the construction of the Alabama and Chattanooga Railroad, and was not so palpably foolish as to return and be harassed by the honest creditors along the line of the road and elsewhere, who had been duped by his promises.

Lo! Behold! On Saturday evening last, said J. C. Stanton, *in propria persona*, arrived on the train from Nashville, looking hale and hearty.

Kirby, upon his arrival, announces that it is Stanton's ghost revisiting the glimpses of Chattanooga. The miserable driver was, by the appearance of Mr. Stanton, proven to be a consummate liar, and seeks to cover his crime by screening himself behind a ghostly illusion. The meagre influence upon the citizens of Chattanooga which the denunciations, slanders and lies of this filthy creature has had was brilliantly illustrated upon the arrival of Mr. Stanton in our city. Hundreds upon hundreds of our best citizens pressed eagerly forward to grasp him by the hand, and welcome with good cheer the man who has done more to develop the resources of the country, and add to its wealth and greatness, than any person who has ever been among us. The rich and the poor, the laborer and the man of leisure, were alike eager to do him honor.

Late in the night, after Mr. Stanton had refreshed himself, an immense crowd, numbering at least two thousand people, collected in front of the Burns House, vociferously calling for the appearance of Mr. Stanton upon the balcony, and would not take no for an answer. He appeared, in response to their calls, and made a brief, earnest, straightforward statement of the financial condition of the Company, the prospect of its immediate release from its present difficulties, and the payment of the labor and other debts, and the utter overthrow of the Alabama political schemers. He said that he intended to stay here until the labor debt was paid; and is here yet, although Kirby announced that he would leave yesterday.

The audience cheered the remarks of Mr. Stanton in prolonged hurrahs, while the booming of cannon and explosion of fireworks attested the high appreciation of our people of the exciting scene.

Some thoughtful ones, during this enlivening time, was quieting the distracted brain of poor Kirby, with a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup." To the credit of Kirby, he appreciated so thoroughly this disinterested and appropriate act of benevolence, that in gratitude he professed to remunerate his friend with corn juice at "Johnson and Crosby's."

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., Sept. 11, 1871.

Renewal of the Catholic Troubles.

Hudson, Sept. 9.—It having been reported that Bishop Courcy had directed Father O'Sullivan to resume the pastorate of St. Mary's Church, of this city, the vigilance committee, organized some time ago by persons designated as "Rebels," held a meeting last evening, and unanimously resolved to resist his admission to the church at any cost. They assert that Bishop Courcy's threat of excommunication will have no influence whatever on their action, and they declare that it is no part of the duty of a good Catholic to submit to the ministrations of a bad man.

Further Particulars of the Baby Horror.

Yesterday morning a market basket containing nuts, candies, fruit, loaf sugar and several little notions was found in a lumber pile near the Knoxville and Charleston depot. Policeman Claiborne also found a bundle of rope at the same place yesterday afternoon. That these have some connection with the mystery is evident, but what connection is not known. The names of two women, J. O. Johnson and John Taylor, were found on articles which have been discovered.

Johnson went to the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Railroad depot on Saturday morning and received for a box of O'Sullivan's Bitters, containing nine or ten bottles, but he did not take it away. Taylor went yesterday morning and took the box to the Knoxville and Kentucky Railroad depot, and on his way back he was arrested. He is now in confinement and claims to have met with Johnson only a few days ago.

News came yesterday afternoon that the woman was secreted in a house near the water-tank, a mile or more out on the Knoxville and Kentucky Railroad, and two policemen went out to arrest her, with what result we did not learn.

There is a mystery still hanging around the perpetration of this most horrible deed, which will no doubt be gradually disclosed as the facts are developed.

Arrested.

Yesterday morning about one o'clock, Deputy Sheriff Fisher, assisted by Policeman George, proceeded to East Knoxville and arrested a man charged with forgery perpetrated in Washington county. He was lodged in jail.

THE PUBLIC PRINTING FRAUDS.

Col. Baxter Sustains His Original Charges.

EDITORS OF THE CHRONICLE:—Messrs. Jones, Purvis & Co., the present Public Printers to the State, affected upon the publication of my late expose of their frauds on the public treasury, to treat it with indifference. They then deemed a simple announcement that they would have no newspaper controversy with me, as a sufficient answer to my accusations against them. But I knew very well then that they would come down from the self-assumed dignity and make, or attempt to offer to the public some explanation of, or defense against, the charges preferred against them. In this I was not disappointed. In the *Banner and Union* and *American* of the 10th inst. is their labored and lame defense. Much of it relates to matter entirely foreign to the question. It abounds in crimination and malice towards me. But as read and understood by me, it is, in its most essential points, an admission of my allegations. I accused them of demanding and receiving pay four times for the same composition. They admit the fact, but attempt to justify their conduct upon the construction of the law by, and the usage of, their predecessors. Thus the issue is no longer one of fact, but a question of law. Nor do these gentlemen assert that the law authorizes such a charge; not at all. Their defense is, that they and the Public Printers who have preceded them, have so construed the law; thus attempting to vindicate themselves by showing that others have taken "syrup" also. I anticipated as much when I began the controversy and so stated in my original publication. Such is not the legal interpretation of the law, and everybody who knows anything ought to know it. If it is it ought to be speedily modified so as to prevent similar frauds in the future.

With this admission on the part of the accused, I might rest the case; but I desire to say to the public that I have not acted hastily in arraigning these gentlemen before public opinion or stated facts without sufficient evidence to support them. My position is such that I could not, with a due regard to my own interest or of the interest of my family have done so, if I had been disposed.

For more than four years, I have been waging an active war upon public plunderers; with men who control to some extent the public press; and nothing would gratify them more than for me to make and publish statements that could not be sustained by legal proof. Were I to do so, they would be down upon me "like a thousand of bricks." But as long as I adhere to the truth: truths that can be made good before courts and juries; no alternative is left them but newspaper defamation. These have been used against me with all the effect they are capable of producing, but more than this will not be attempted. Nothing would please me more than the institution of a law suit, which would put to the test the truth of the accusations which I have publicly made.

Pressed as I am with professional business, actively progressing in two different courts now sitting in Knoxville, I have not the time to take up and discuss separately every item which goes to make up the aggregate of \$50,000, which I have charged has been fraudulently obtained by Jones, Purvis & Co., from the public treasury. Suffice it for the present to say that I have the proof. My statements were predicated upon estimates made by competent parties in Memphis, Nashville and Knoxville. But it may be well to give the evidence of one as a fair sample of the whole.

For the composition which enters into and makes the Senate and House appendix for 1869-70, the public printers had been twice before paid; that is, they received pay for the composition in detail and as the public documents were printed for the two Houses during the sitting of the Legislature. Notwithstanding, they present, demand and receive pay for the very same composition as though they had re-set the type, as will appear from copies of their accounts certified by the Comptroller, as follows:

THE STATE OF TENNESSEE.

To JONES, PURVIS, & CO., DR.
April 15, 1870. To printing and binding 500 copies Appendix to Senate Journal:

Composition 1,107,000 ems, @ 67 1/2 \$747 22
Press-work, 213 tokens, @ 67 1/2 143 77
Paper, 40 reams medium, @ 7 50 300 00
15 per cent on Paper, 45 00
Binding 500 copies, @ 67 1/2 339 50
\$1573 49

THE STATE OF TENNESSEE.

To JONES, PURVIS, & CO., DR.
April 15, 1870. To printing and Binding 500 copies to House Journal:

Composition 1,107,000 ems, @ 67 1/2 \$747 22
Press-work, 213 tokens, @ 67 1/2 143 77
Paper, 40 reams medium, @ 7 50 300 00
15 per cent on Paper, 45 00
Binding 500 copies, @ 67 1/2 339 50
\$1573 49

I certify that the above are correct copies of the original bills now on file in my office.

Ed. R. PENNEBAKER, Comptroller.

From these it will be seen that they charge for 1,107,000 ems of composition, 213 tokens and 40 reams of paper, when each 500 copies of the book contains only 685,000 ems of composition, 70 tokens and 17 1/2 reams of paper. In support of this I here offer the certificate of Mr. Haws, a practical printer of high character, fully competent and reliable, to wit:

"I am a practical printer of twenty-five years' experience, and consider myself well-versed in my profession. At the request of Col. Baxter, I examined the bills rendered by the Senate and House appendices for 1869-70, and reported to him that it contained 616,000 ems of composition, and that each 500 copies contained 70 tokens of press-work, and including the usual wastage—17 1/2 reams of paper. On revising my estimate and counting all blank pages as solid printed matter, (and there are a good many of these) I find that the same contains only 685,000 ems, 70 tokens, and 17 1/2 reams of paper.

Knoxville, Sept. 12, 1871.
T. HAWS.

These appendices are exactly alike; printed from the same type; not for the Senate and House, but for the State, 500 copies being labelled "Senate Appendix," and 500 copies, "House Appendix." Now, suppose upon their construction of the law and former usage, these gentlemen make the country believe they had the legal right to charge four times for the same composition, under what pretense do they undertake to justify their charge for

1,107,000 ems of composition, 213 tokens and 40 reams of paper, when there was in fact but 685,000 ems, 70 tokens and 17 1/2 reams of paper! On this part of the case they offer no extension, except they allege that their Radical predecessors got a part of it—a fact I do not deny—for unfortunately for the people who pay the taxes, while Democrats and Republicans criminate and recriminate, and mutually accuse each other with responsibility for the people's wrongs, they sometimes strike hands in the division of public plunder. My fight is against both; and I am glad to feel that although I have subjected myself to their personal malignity and defamation by my exposures of their frauds, I have done something to arrest their raids upon the public funds.

The foregoing is clear proof of the facts alleged in the particulars mentioned. All my other allegations are true, and as easily proven as the above, and will in due time, if the court will permit, be fully established by proof.

My statement of the aggregate amount drawn from the Treasury, to wit: \$89,216; was based upon the information derived from the public Treasurer, who is now in town and promises to furnish me with a certificate of the fact upon his return to Nashville.

If Jones, Purvis & Co., are not careful they will, contrary to their avowed purpose, find themselves in a newspaper controversy with me; but they will not dare not let their readers see and read what I have written.

Respectfully, &c.,

JNO. BAXTER.

The Cheney Difficulty.

CHICAGO, Sept. 10.—The announcement that Bishop Whitehouse would make his annual Episcopal visitation to the resuscitant Christ Church this A.M., drew together an immense audience, filling every inch of standing room.

The hour for the commencement of the services is 10:30, and at 10 o'clock the Bishop in company with one of his sons, reached the church in a carriage. He soon presented himself at the vestry room, where he was met by Mr. Cheney and the wardens of the church. Exactly what occurred at this meeting has not been made public, but rumor says that Mr. Cheney cordially extended his hand with words of welcome to the Bishop, who declined to take his hand or respond to the greeting.

The interview lasted only a few minutes, when the Bishop retired. It is understood that the candidates for confirmation have unanimously declined to be presented to the Bishop by any other person than Mr. Cheney. At the hour for opening the services Geo. W. Thompson, a well-known lawyer of this city, a firm friend of Mr. Cheney and a member of his church, came into the church and read the morning service, except such parts as are required to be read by a priest, and Mr. Cheney preached an eloquent and earnest sermon. He made no allusion whatever to the difficulties between himself and the Bishop.

The Herald on the California Election.

The Republicans, as by a reactionary political whirlwind have triumphantly carried the State of California, including the election of their candidate for Governor, Newton Booth, by three or four thousand, majority over Haight, the present Democratic incumbent, who was elected in 1867 by nine thousand five hundred majority. * * And while it is true that on their Governor and on national issues the Democrats were somewhat demoralized, divided and despondent, while the Republicans were united and hopeful, the fact of paramount importance is this; that the Republicans were united, and fought the battle upon the merits of General Grant's administration, and upon General Grant as their candidate for the coming Presidential contest against the field. * * How can the National Democracy be reorganized and put into a good position for the Presidential campaign? They are without any recognized leader here, there or anywhere, and without any common understanding upon measures or men. They are an army without generals and without a plan of operations; they are a ship's crew without officers, and the ship is adrift. What can be done for them? * * As things are going now, the Presidential election, like the California election, will be carried as by a whirlwind for General Grant.

LARGE IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.—Foreign importations at New York continue very heavy, as compared with previous seasons. The sum total last week was over \$8,000,000, which is hard on to \$3,000,000 in excess of the entries for the same period last year. The biggest items in the bill are sugar, tea, coffee, iron and hides. The customs in gold paid into the treasury during the first five days of the week amounted to \$3,552,000. The receipts of produce at the ports are also large, and the export demand for breadstuffs, cotton, &c., as against high freights and a scarcity of tonnage for Europe.—Baltimore Sun.

Washington Irving once said of an American diplomatist: "Ah! he is a great man, a man of great weight. When he goes to the West the East tips up."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Insure Against Fire!

—WITH—

MUNSON & BAILEY,

General Fire Insurance Agents.

WE represent the following named Companies: IMPERIAL, of London, Ass. \$1,000,000. Gold; QUEEN OF COMMERCE, of London, Ass. \$1,000,000. UNDERWRITERS AGENCY, of New York, Ass. \$400,000.

By J. M. MUNSON & BAILEY, Real Estate and Insurance Agents.

sept.13, 1871-1m.

H. MANN & CO.

CLOTHIERS,

KNOXVILLE, TENN.

The Best and Cheapest

CLOTHING

In the City, at

HENRY MANN & CO.'S,

Gay St., Corner of Cumberland, Sept. 13, 1871. (Opposite the Lamar House.)

Drugs and Medicines.

SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR.

The symptoms of liver complaint are uneasiness and pain in the side. Sometimes the pain is in the shoulder, and is mistaken for rheumatism. The stomach is affected with loss of appetite and sickness, bowels in general costive, some alternating with lax. The head is troubled with pain, and dull, heavy sensation, considerable loss of memory, accompanied with painful sensations of yawning, let us suppose something which ought to have been done. Often complaining of weakness, dizziness, and low spirits. Sometimes many of the above symptoms attend the disease, and at other times very few of them; but the liver is generally the organ most involved. Cure the liver with

DR. SIMMONS' Liver Regulator.

A preparation of roots and herbs, warranted to cure liver complaint, and can do no injury to any one. It has been used by hundreds, and is known for the last 40 years as one of the most reliable, efficacious and harmless preparations ever offered to the suffering. It cures rapidly and permanently.

SURE TO CURE

Dyspepsia, headache, jaundice, colic, chronic diarrhoea, affections of the bladder, camp dysentery, affection of the kidneys, fever, nervousness, chills, diseases of the skin, but not one of them has ever obtained the unenviable standing of the PAIN KILLER.

PAIN KILLER

Has been tested in every variety of climate, and by almost every nation known to Americans. It is the almost constant companion of a merciful friend of the missionary and the traveler on sea and land, and no one should travel on our LAKES or RIVERS WITHOUT IT.

PAIN KILLER was the First and is the Only Permanent Pain Reliever.

Since the PAIN KILLER was first introduced, and met with such unsurpassed sale, many Liniments, Panaceas and other remedies have been offered to the public, but none have ever obtained the true and enviable standing of the PAIN KILLER.

WHY IS THIS SO?

It is because DANIS' PAIN KILLER is what it claims to be—a Reliever of Pain.

Its Merits are Unsurpassed.

If you are suffering from Internal Pain, twenty or thirty drops in a little water will almost instantly cure you. But there is nothing to equal it, in a few moments it cures

Colic, Cramp, Spasms, Heart-Burn, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, &c., Wind in the Bowels, Sour Stomach, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache.

In sections of the country where

FEVER AND AGUE

Prevail, there is no remedy held in greater esteem. Every housekeeper should keep it at hand, to apply in the first attack of any Pain. It will give satisfactory relief, and save hours of suffering.

Do not waste your money on untried remedies. Be sure you call for and get the genuine PAIN KILLER, as many worthless nostrums are attempted to be sold on the great reputation of this valuable medicine.

Directions accompany each bottle.

Price 25 cts., 50 cts. and \$1 per Bottle.

J. N. HARRIS & CO., Proprietors,

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Proprietors for the Southern and Western States.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

FOR SALE BY

E. J. SANFORD & CO., KNOXVILLE.

T. C. HUNTER, CHAMBERLAIN & ALBERS,

WILL ALL THOSE WHO SUFFER FROM CONSUMPTION OR COUGH

Please Read the Following Letter

From a Reliable Druggist?

MOUNT VERNON, ILL., April 29, 1871.

MESSRS. J. N. HARRIS & CO., Cincinnati, Ohio:

Gentlemen—I heard one of my customers speak in glowing terms of your Lung Balm, and that I thought I would write you the substance of his statement. He says his mother, who is now sixty years of age, and who has suffered for many years with consumption, and has been under the care of all our best physicians, but never received any permanent benefit; then she resorted to every kind of cough and asthma Balm, and that could be procured for her, but all to no avail. She still grew worse, until she was confined to her bed; and when she was so near death, she was told that she would lose the power of respiration, and they were compelled to resort to various means to restore breathing; and while she coughed and spit blood, and was expected anything, and the family and friends had given up all hopes of her recovery. Her son noticed the advertisement in the *Advertiser*, and advised her to try the Christian Advocate, and they thought they would procure and try it. They commenced giving her the Balm at 5 o'clock P. M., as directed, a dose every hour until midnight; then she took another spell of coughing, and expected a month full of dark yellow matter, which was something she had not been able to do for some time. They continued to give her the Balm until morning, and then she began to expectorate freely, and within two hours she had expectorated three pints of mucus matter, which gave her immediate relief, and since that time she has continued to improve. She now sits up all day, and can walk about the house and take considerable out-door exercise. Her cough is now very high to every one.

Yours, respectfully, A. C. JOHNSON, Druggist.

Was there ever greater proof of merit than the case this letter refers to?

ALLEN'S LUNG BALM is without doubt the best expectorant remedy ever offered to the afflicted public. It contains no opium in any form, and its use is entirely safe to the most delicate.

Directions accompany each bottle.

J. N. HARRIS & CO., Proprietors, Cincinnati, Ohio.

FOR SALE BY ALL MEDICINE DEALERS.

For Sale by

E. J. SANFORD & CO., Knoxville, Tenn.

T. C. HUNTER, CHAMBERLAIN & ALBERS, march 25-6

J. M. THORNBURG, CHAS. D. MCGUFFEY,

THORNBURG & MCGUFFEY,

Attorneys at Law,

KNOXVILLE, TENN.

Practice in the Circuit and Chancery Courts of Knox and neighboring counties, and in the Supreme and Federal Courts at Knoxville.

Collectors made at all points in East Tennessee. jan-14-71

10,000 Bushels

Of the very best quality of COAL CREEK COAL, now on hand at my coal yard, at low figures.

sept.13-71.

A. S. MARINER.

Medical.

GREATEST MEDICAL DISCOVERY OF THE AGE.

Dr. Fowler's Compound Extract,

FOR THE CURE OF

Scrofula, Syphilis, Liver Complaint, Consumption, Chronic Rheumatism, Diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder, and all Blood Impurities.

We offer to the American public a new and valuable remedy for the above-mentioned diseases. Fowler's Compound Extract is composed of the best medicines known to Materia Medica. It is perfectly pure in all its ingredients, being composed of several well-known articles universally used by the best Physicians, each of which in combination supplies what experience has shown to be